Lesson Plan

Name of Faculty :- Sanjay Mehta

Discipline :- Electrical Engineering

Semester :- Fourth Semester

Subject :- Electronics -II

Lesson Plan Duration:- 15 Week

Week	Theory		Practical		
	Lecture Day	Торіс	Practical Day	Торіс	
	1 st	Transistor Audio Power Amplifier Difference between voltage and power amplifier	1 st	To study the effect of coupling capacitor on lower cut off frequency and upper cut off frequency by plotting frequency response curve of a two stage RC coupled amplifier	
1 st	2 nd	Important terms in Power Amplifier, collector efficiency, distortion and dissipation capability			
	3 rd	Classification of power amplifier class A, B and C	2 nd	do	
	4 th	Class A single-ended power amplifier, its working and collector efficiency	2		
	1 st	Impedance matching in a power amplifier using transformer	. 1 st	To measure (a) optimum load (b) output power (c) signal handling capacity of a push-pull amplifier	
	2 nd	Heat sinks in power amplifiers Push-pull amplifier: circuit			

		details, working and advantages		1
2 nd		(no mathematical		
2		derivations)		
		·		
		REVISION		do
	3 rd			
		REVISION	2^{nd}	
	4 th			
		Principles of the working of		To observe the effect of negative
	1^{st}	complementary symmetry push-		current feedback on the voltage
		pull amplifier		gain of a single stage
3 rd	nd.	Tuned Voltage Amplifier		transistor amplifier by removing
	2 nd	Introduction		emitter bye-pass capacitor.
		Series and parallel resonance (do
	3^{rd}	No mathematical derivation)		uo
	3	,	2 nd	
			2	
	41-	Single and double tuned voltage		
	4 th	amplifiers		
		Francisco de la constanción de		To me accura (a) valtage gain (b)
	₄ st	Frequency response of tuned voltage amplifiers		To measure (a) voltage gain (b) input and output impedance for
	1 st	Applications of tuned voltage	. st	an emitter follower circuit
		amplifiers	1 st	an entitle renewer entent
•		Feedback in Amplifiers		
4h	2 nd	Feedback and its importance,		
4 th		positive and negative feedback		
		and their need		
		REVISION		do
	3^{rd}			
-	4 th	REVISION	2 nd	
	4	KE VISIOIV	4	
		Voltage gain of an amplifier with		
	1 st	Voltage gain of an amplifier with negative feedback A =		To measure frequency generation
	1	1+βΑ	₄ st	in (a) Hartley (b) R-C Phase Shift
		Effect of negative feedback on	1 st	oscillator
5 th	2 nd	voltage gain, stability, distortion,		
	=	band width, output		
		and input impedance of an		
		amplifier (No mathematical		
		derivation)		
	3 rd	REVISION		do
	3			
			2 nd	
	4 th	REVISION	4	
		1		

Т	⊿ st	Typical foodbook - init-		
6 th	1 st	Typical feedback circuits Effect of removing the emitter by- pass capacitor on a CE transistor amplifier	1 st	To observe the differentiated and integrated square wave on a CRO for different values of R-C time constant
-	2 nd	Emitter follower and its applications		time constant
	3 rd	Sinusoidal Oscillators 4.1. Sinusoidal Oscillators – positive feedback in amplifiers 4.2. Difference between an oscillator and an alternator	2 nd	
-	4 th	REVISION		
	1 st	Essentials of an oscillator		Clipping of both portion of sine- wave using:
7 th	2 nd	Circuit details and working of LC oscillators viz. Tuned Collector, Hartley and Colpitt's oscillators	1 st	a) diode and dc source b) zener diodes
	3 rd	REVISION		do
_	4 th	REVISION	2 nd	
	1 st	R-C oscillator circuits, phase shift oscillators		Clamping a sine-wave to: a) Negative dc voltage b) Positive dc voltage
	2 nd	Wein bridge oscillator circuits	1 st	b) Fositive de voltage
8 th	3 rd	Introduction to piezoelectric crystal and crystal oscillator circuit		do
	4 th	REVISION	2 nd	
	1 st	Wave-Shaping and Switching Circuits Concept of Wave-shaping	1 st	To generate square-wave using an astable multivibrator and to observe the wave form on a CRO and verify the result using p-
9 th	2 nd	Wave-shaping circuits a. R-C differentiating and integrating circuits b. Diode clipping circuits		spice software
9	3 rd	c. Diode clamping circuits		
_	4 th	REVISION	2 nd	do

10 th	2 nd 3 rd	d. Applications of wave-shaping circuits Transistor as a switch - explanation using CE transistor characteristics Collector coupled astable, monostable multivibrator circuits. (explanation using wave shapes). REVISION	1 st	To observe triggering and working of a bistable multivibrator circuit and observe its output wave form on a CRO do
11 th	1 st	Collector coupled bistable multivibrator circuits (explanation using wave shapes). Brief mention of uses of multivibrators Working and applications of transistor inverter circuit using power transistors	1 st	To use the op-Amp (IC 741) as inverting one and non-inverting amplifiers, adder, comparator, integrator and differentiator and verify the result using p-spice software
-	3 rd	REVISION REVISION	2 nd	do
12 th	1 st	Power supplies - Working Principles of different types of power supplies viz. CVTs, IC voltage regulator (78 XX,79XX) Operational Amplifier The basic operational amplifier. The differential amplifier. The emitter coupled differential amplifier. Offset even voltages and currents	1 st	To study the pin configuration and working of IC 555 and its use as monostable and astable multivibrator
-	3 rd	REVISION REVISION	2 nd	do
13 th	1 st	Basic operational amplifier applications, integrator and differentiator summer, subtractor	1 st	To realize the regulated power supply by using three terminal voltage regulator ICs such as 7805, 7905, 7915 etc. and verify the result using p-spice software.

	3 rd	REVISION		
	- 4	REVISION	2 nd	REVISION PRACTICAL
	4 th			
14 th	1 st	Familiarization with specifications and pin configuration of IC 741 Block diagram and operation of 555 IC timer	1 st	REVISION PRACTICAL
	2 nd	REVISION		
	3 rd	REVISION	2 nd	REVISION PRACTICAL
	4 th	REVISION	2	
15 th	1 st	REVISION		DEVICE OF STREET
	2 nd	REVISION	1 st	REVISION PRACTICAL
	3 rd	REVISION		REVISION PRACTICAL
	4 th	REVISION	2 nd	REVISION PRACTICAL